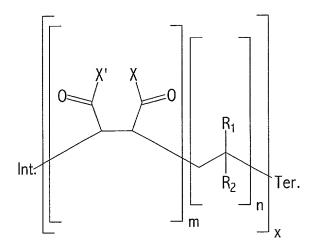
1 What is claimed is:

2

3 1. One or more copolymers having the general formula:

4 5



6 7

8

wherein:

9 X and X' comprise one or more of —OH; —O—hydrocarbyl; —NH₂;

CI; —Br; —OM+, wherein M+ comprises one equivalent of one or more metals, ammoniums and amine cations; and X and

12 X' taken together as —O—;

n comprises a whole integer from 1 to 3;

14 R₁ comprises methyl;

R₂ comprises polyisobutyl having less than 32 carbon atoms;

m comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 3;

17 x comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 20;

Int. comprises at least one initiating radical; and

19 Ter. comprises at least one terminating group.

20

18

21 2. One or more copolymers of Claim 1, wherein one of R₁ and R₂
22 comprises methyl and the other of R₁ and R₂ comprises polyisobutyl

23 having about 5 to about 25 carbon atoms.

24

1	3.	One or more copolymers of Claim 1, wherein the copolymers are liquid
2		at ambient temperature.
3		
4	4.	One or more copolymers according to Claim 1, wherein the copolymers
5		comprise one or more of an amide derivative, an ester derivative, an
6		imide derivative and a metal salt derivative.
7		
8	5.	One o ₁ more copolymers of Claim 1 having an average degree of
9		polymerization of about 1.1 to about 20.
10		
11	6.	One or more copolymers prepared by the polymerization of
12		
13		
14		 a. one or more unsaturated acidic reagents and
15		b. one or more polyisobutenes having less than about 32 carbon
16		atoms,
17		c. in the presence of one or more free radical initiators.
18		
19	7.	One or more copolymers of Claim 6 wherein the unsaturated acidic
20		reagent comprises maleic anhydride.
21		
22	8.	One or more copolymers of Claim 6, wherein the polyisobutene
23		comprises a mixture further comprising:
24		
25		a. about 5 wt. % to about 20 wt. % C ₈ H ₁₆ ,
26		b. about 35 wt. % to about 55 wt. % C ₁₂ H ₂₄ ,
27		c. about 20 wt. % to about 30 wt. % C ₁₆ H ₃₂ ,
28		d. about 8 wt. % to about 15 wt. % C ₂₀ H ₄₀ ,
29		e. about 2 wt % to about 8 wt % C ₂₄ H ₄₈ , and
30		f. about 0.5 wt % to about 2 wt. % C ₂₈ H _{56.}
31		
32	9.	One or more copolymers of Claim 6 having a number average
33		molecular weight of about 231 to about 10,920.
34		

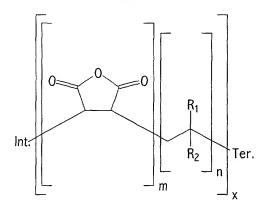
20

21

1	10.	One or more copolymers of Claim 6 prepared from one or more
2		polyisobutenes comprising a mixture having a number average
3		molecular weight (M_n) of about 150 to about 240.
4		
5	11.	A method for making the copolymer of Claim 1 comprising reacting one
6		or more unsaturated acidic reagents with one or more polyisobutenes
7		having less than about 32 carbon atoms in the presence of one or
8		more free radical initiators.
9		
10	12.	A method of Claim 11, wherein the unsaturated acidic reagent
11		comprises maleic anhydride.
12		
13	13.	A method for making one or more copolymers of Claim 1 comprising a
14		first step of reacting a first amount of one or more unsaturated acidic
15		reagents with a first amount of one or more polyisobutenes having less
16		than about 32 carbon atoms in the presence of a first amount of one or
17		more free radical initiators to form a first liquid copolymer and a
18		second step of reacting a portion of the first liquid copolymer with a
19		second amount of unsaturated acidic reagent, a second amount of

polyisobutene having less than about 32 carbon atoms in the presence

of a second amount of free radical initiator.



3

8

9

1

4 5

wherein:

6 n comprises a whole integer from 1 to 3;

7 R₁comprises methyl;

R₂ comprises one or more polyisobutyls having less than 32 carbon atoms;

m comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 3;

11 x comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 20;

12 Int. comprises one or more initiating radicals; and

Ter. comprises one or more terminating groups.

14

15. One or more copolymers of Claim 14, wherein one of R₁ and R₂ comprises methyl and the other of R₁ and R₂ comprises polyisobutyl having about 5 to about 25 carbon atoms.

18 19

16. One or more copolymers of Claim 14, wherein the copolymer is liquid at ambient temperature.

21

20

22 17. A method for making one or more copolymers of Claim 14 comprising 23 reacting maleic anhydride with polyisobutene having less than about 24 28 carbon atoms in the presence of free radical initiator.

25

1	18.	One or more copolymers of Claim 14 having an average degree of
2		polymerization of about 1.1 to about 20.
3		
4	19.	One or more copolymers of Claim 14 having an average degree of
5		polymerization of about 1.5 to about 10.
6		
7	20.	A method for making the copolymers of Claim 14 comprising reacting
8		maleic anhydride with one or more polyisobutenes having less than
9		about 32 carbon atoms in the presence of one or more free radical
10		initiators.
11	- 1	
12	21.	The method of Claim 19 wherein the polyisobutene comprises:
13		
14		a. about 5 wt. % to about 20 wt. % C ₈ H ₁₆ ,
15		b. about 35 wt. % to about 55 wt. % C ₁₂ H ₂₄ ,
16		c. about 20 wt. % to about 30 wt. % C ₁₆ H ₃₂ ,
17		d. about 8 wt. % to about 15 wt. % C ₂₀ H ₄₀ ,
18		e. about 2 wt % to about 8 wt % C ₂₄ H ₄₈ , and
19		f. about 0.5 wt % to about 2 wt. % C ₂₈ H _{56.}
20		
21	22.	One or more copolymers of Claim 14 having a number average
22		molecular weight of about 231 to about 10,920.
23		
24	23.	A method of Claim 20, wherein the polyisobutene has a number
25		average molecular weight (M_n) of about 150 to about 240.
26		
27	24.	A method for making one or more copolymer comprising reacting
28		polyisobutene having less than about 32 carbon atoms with maleic
29		anhydride in the presence of one or more free radical initiators and one
30		or more copolymers of Claim 14.
31		
32	25.	A method for making one or more copolymers of Claim 14 comprising a
33		first step of reacting a first amount of maleic anhydride with a first
34		amount of one or more polyisobutenes having less than about

32 carbon atoms in the presence of a first amount of one or more free radical initiators to form a first liquid copolymer and a second step of reacting a portion of the first liquid copolymer with a second amount of maleic anhydride and a second amount of one or more polyisobutenes having less than about 32 carbon atoms in the presence of a second amount of one or more free radical initiators.

7

1 2

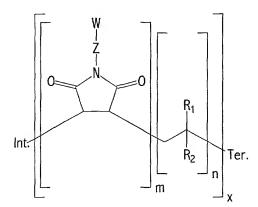
3

4

5

6

8 26. One or more polymers having the general formula of:



9

10

11 wherein:

12 W comprises one or more of:

13

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{1} \\
O \\
N \\
O
\end{array}$$
and
 $\begin{array}{c}
R_{2} \\
R_{2} \\
\end{array}$

14

15

16 wherein:

17 R comprises at least one of one or more polyalkyls and one or more
18 polyalkenes, wherein the polyalkyls and polyalkenes each have
19 a molecular weight of at least 1000;

20 R₁comprises methyl;

21 R₂ comprises polyisobutyl having less than 32 carbon atoms;

22 Z comprises a polyamine linking radical

1		m comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 3;
2		n comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 3;
3		x comprises a whole integer of from 1 to 20;
4		Int. comprises one or more initiating radicals;
5		Ter. comprises one or more terminating groups; and
6		wherein R_3 and R_4 are independently hydrogen, alkyl, phenyl, or taken
7		together are alkylene to give a ring group.
8		
9	27.	A lubricating oil composition comprising a major amount of an oil of
10		lubricating viscosity and a minor amount of one or more of the
11		polymers of Claim 26.
12		
13	28.	A lubricating oil concentrate comprising from about 10 wt.% to about
14		90 wt.% of the polymer of Claim 26 and from about 90 wt.% to about
15		10 wt.% of an oil of lubricating viscosity.
16		
17	29.	A fuel concentrate comprising a major amount of an inert stable
18		oleophilic organic solvent boiling in the range of about 150 degrees F.
19		to about 400 degrees F. and a minor amount of the polymer of
20		Claim 26.
21		
22	30.	One or more post-treated dispersants prepared by treating one or
23		more polymers of Claim 26 with one or more cyclic carbonate or one
24		or more linear mono- or poly-carbonate under reactive conditions.
25		
26	31.	The post-treated dispersants of Claim 30 wherein said cyclic carbonate
27		is ethylene carbonate.
28		
29	32.	A lubricating oil composition comprising a major amount of an oil of
30		lubricating viscosity and a minor amount of the dispersant of Claim 30.
31		
32	33.	A lubricating oil concentrate comprising from about 10 wt.% to about
33		90 wt.% of the post-treated dispersant of Claim 30 and from about
34		90 wt % to about 10 wt % of an oil of lubricating viscosity.

1		
2	34.	One or more post-treated dispersants prepared by treating the
3		polymers of Claim 26 under reactive conditions with one or more of
4		boron oxide, boron halide, boric acid, and esters of boric acid.
5		
6	35.	A process for preparing one or more succinimides that comprises
7		reacting a mixture under reactive conditions, wherein the mixture
8		comprises:
9		
10		a. one or more of at least one alkenyl acid derivative and at least
11		one alkylsuccinic acid derivative,
12		b. one or more copolymers prepared by the process of Claim 11
13		and
14		c. one or more polyamines.
15		
16	36.	A process for preparing one or more succinimides of Claim 35, where
17		the acid derivative has a succination ratio of from about 1.1 to about
18		1.4.
19		
20	37.	One or more succinimides prepared by reacting a mixture under
21		reactive conditions wherein the mixture comprises:
22		
23		a. one or more of an alkenyl acid derivative and an alkylsuccinic
24		acid derivative,
25		b. one or more copolymers of
26		(1) one or more unsaturated acidic reagents and
27		(2) one or more polyisobutenes having less than about
28		32 carbon atoms, and
29		c. one or more polyamine.
30	20	On a constructive of Ole in 27 subsection the social device times
31	38.	One or more succinimides of Claim 37, wherein the acid derivatives
32		have a succination ratio of about from about 1.1 to about 1.4.
33		

1	39.	One or more succinimides of Claim 37, wherein the unsaturated acidic
2		reagent comprises maleic anhydride.
3		
4	40.	A lubricating oil composition comprising a major amount of an oil of
5		lubricating viscosity and a minor amount of the succinimide of
6		Claim 37.
7		
8	41.	A lubricating oil concentrate comprising from about 10 wt.% to about
9		90 wt.% of the succinimide of Claim 37 and from about 90 wt.% to
10		about 10 wt.% of an oil of lubricating viscosity.
11		
12	42.	A fuel concentrate comprising a major amount of an inert stable
13		oleophilic organic solvent boiling in the range of about 150 degrees F.
14		to about 400 degrees F. and a minor amount of the succinimide of
15		Claim 37.
16		
17	43.	One or more post-treated succinimides prepared by treating one or
18		more succinimides of Claim 37 under reactive conditions with one or
19		more of linear mono- carbonate and poly-carbonate.
20		
21	44.	The post-treated succinimide of Claim 43, wherein the carbonate
22		comprises ethylene carbonate.
23		
24	45.	A lubricating oil comprising a major amount of an oil of lubricating
25		viscosity and a minor amount of the post-treated succinimide of
26		Claim 43.
27		
28	46.	A lubricating oil concentrate comprising from about 10 wt.% to about
29		90 wt.% of the post-treated succinimide of Claim 43 and from about
30		90 wt.% to about 10 wt.% of an oil of lubricating viscosity.
31		
32	47.	A fuel concentrate comprising a major amount of an inert stable
33		oleophilic organic solvent boiling in the range of about 150 degrees F.

1		to about 400 degrees F. and a minor amount of the post-treated
2		succinimide of Claim 43.
3		
4	48.	One or more post-treated succinimides prepared by treating the
5		succinimides of Claim 37 under reactive conditions with one or more of
6		boron oxide, boron halide, boric acid, and esters of boric acid.
7		
8	49.	A lubricating oil comprising a major amount of an oil of lubricating
9		viscosity and a minor amount of the post-treated succinimide of
10		Claim 48.
11		
12	50.	A fuel concentrate comprising a major amount of an inert stable
13		oleophilic organic solvent boiling in the range of about 150 degrees F.
14		to about 400 degrees F. and a minor amount of the post-treated
15		succinimide of Claim 48.